

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

PHNOM PENH

(October-December 2006=100)

April 2025

The Consumer Prices Index in Phnom Penh was increased by 0.4% in April 2025. Over the last twelve months' prices has increased 3.1% in April 2025. In March 2025 the rate of inflation increased by 3.7%. The Consumer Price Index for April 2025 has been calculated at 208.3.

Table1. Consumer Price Index, All items

Index	1 month % change		12 months % change	
	April 25 March 25	March 25 February 25	April 25 April 24	March 25 March 24
208.3	0.4	-0.5	3.1	3.7

April to March 2025

From April to March 2025 price for meat increased by 0.3%. Main increase this group was due to increase price for pork increased by 0.3%. Price for beef increased by 0.4%. Price for chicken increased by 0.5%. Price for duct increased by 0.4%. Price for processed meat increased by 0.3%. Price for fish and seafood increased by 0.4%. Main increased for this group was due to increase price for fresh fish increased by 0.4%. Price for processed fish increased by 0.4%. Price for vegetables increased by 1.2% and contribution by 0.1% units. Main increase for this group was due to increase price for leaf and stalk vegetables increased by 0.9%. Price for fruits vegetables increased by 1.6%. Price for root vegetables increased by 1.0%. Price for tubers and mushrooms vegetables increased by 1.1%. Price for fruits increased by 0.9% and contribution by 0.1% units. Main increase this group was due to increase price for fresh fruits increased by 0.9% and contribution by 0.1% units. Price for milk, cheese and eggs increased by 0.2%. Price for sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery increased by 1.6%. Price for food products increased by 0.9%. Price for clothing and footwear increased by 0.5%. Main increase this group was due to increase price for clothing increased by 0.4% and price for footwear increased by 0.8%. Price for housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels increased by 0.3%. Main increase for this group was due to increase price for maintenance and repair of the dwelling increased by 0.7%. Price for solid fuels increased by 0.5%. Price for furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance increased by 0.2%. Price for health increased by 0.3%. Main increase for this group was due to increase price for medicine products appliance and equipment increased by 0.5%. Price for communication increased by 0.1%. Price for recreation and culture increased by 0.2%. Price for restaurant increased by 1.2% and contribution by 0.1% units. Price for miscellaneous goods and services increased by 0.2%. While, price for transport decreased by 1.1% and contribution by -0.1% units. Main decrease this group was due to decrease price for gasoline decreased by 3.1% and contribution by -0.1% units and price for diesel fuel decreased by 5.2%.

April 2025 to April 2024

Of the total consumer price increased by 3.1% from April 2025 to April 2024. 2.6% units were due to increase by 4.7% for food and non-alcoholic beverages. Price for meat increased by 3.7% and contribution by 0.5% units. Main increase this group was due to increase price for pork increased by 3.5% and contribution by 0.2% units. Price for beef increased by 3.8% and price for chicken increased by 5.0% and contribution by 0.1% unit each. Price for duct increased by 3.5%. Price for processed meat increased by 2.3%. Price for fish and sea food increased by 4.9% and

contribution by 0.6% units. Price for fresh fish increased by 4.4% and contribution by 0.4% units. Price for processed fish increased by 6.4% and contribution by 0.2% units. Price for rice increased by 0.5%. Main increase for this group was due to increase price for rice No.1 increased by 0.7% and rice No.2 increased by 0.2%. Price for vegetables increased by 8.7% and contribution by 0.6% units. Main increase this group was due to increase price for leaf and stalk vegetables increased by 5.9%; Price for root vegetables increased by 10.7% and price for pulses/legumes increased by 11.3% and contribution by 0.1% unit each. Price for fruits vegetables increased by 12.6% and contribution by 0.3% units. Price for tubers and mushrooms increased by 6.3%. Price for fruits increased by 6.6% and contribution by 0.4% units. Main increase this group was due to increase price for fresh fruits increased by 7.7% and contribution by 0.4% units. Price for milk, cheese and eggs increased by 3.3% and contribution by 0.1% units. Main increase this group was due to increase price for processed eggs increased by 1.2%. Price for sugar, jam, honey and chocolate increased by 7.1% and contribution by 0.1% units. Price for food products increased by 7.0% and contribution by 0.1% units. Main increased for food group was due to increase of rice; meat; vegetables; fruits and food products. Price for alcoholic beverages and tobacco increased by 2.5%. Price for clothing and footwear increased by 7.2% and contribution by 0.2% units. Main increase this group was due to increase price for clothing increased by 7.0% and price for footwear increased by 8.0% and contribution by 0.1% unit each. Price for housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels increased by 2.5% and contribution by 0.3% units. Main increase for this group was due to increase price for maintenance and repair of the dwelling increased by 7.5% and contribution by 0.3% units. Price for solid fuels increased by 2.5%. Price for furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance increased by 2.5% and contribution by 0.1% units. Price for health increased by 0.7%. Main increase this group was due to increase price for medical products, appliances and equipment increased by 0.6%. Price for communication increased by 0.2%. Price for recreation and culture increased by 2.8% and contribution by 0.1% units. Price for education increased by 2.6%. Price for restaurant increased by 2.5% and contribution by 0.2% units. Price for miscellaneous goods and services increased by 3.1% and contribution by 0.1% units. While, price for transport decreased by 5.9% and contribution by -0.5% units. Main decrease this group was due to decrease price for gasoline decreased by 16.6% and contribution by -0.5% units and price for diesel fuel decreased by 17.2%.

The increased for all index group 3.1% rate of inflation in April 2025 was due to the sub-groups such as: food and non-alcoholic beverages; alcoholic beverages and tobacco; clothing and footwear; price for housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels; price for furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance; health; communication; recreation and culture; education; restaurant and miscellaneous goods and services.

Figure1. Consumer Price Index, Phnom Penh

